

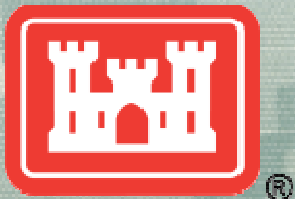
# Dissemination of enhanced Marine Safety Information (eMSI) via AIS: Requirements for an AIS transmit service



e-Navigation  
underway 2016

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# Outline

- Overview of AIS transmit efforts to date
- AIS Transmit Service requirements
  - ▶ Overview of AIS transmit functions
  - ▶ Why these functions are needed
  - ▶ Incorporation into “ASM Manager”
- Proposed functions to be addressed in guidelines, recommendations and standards
- Additional transmit developments *(if time allows)*
  - ▶ Joint US Coast Guard and Corps of Engineers test bed
  - ▶ Virtual Aids to Navigation (V-AtoN)



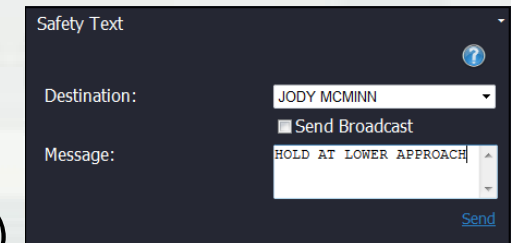
# Transmission of navigation information via AIS

- International:

- ▶ IMO Circ. 236 & 289 – “test” messages
- ▶ IALA ASM collection (<http://e-navigation.nl/asm>)
- ▶ Many administrations are transmitting various information
  - Weather, met/hydro observations, MSI, safety text messages, etc.

- US efforts

- ▶ Test beds in Louisville, Tampa, Columbia River, Stellwagen Bank
- ▶ US Coast Guard and Army Corps development work
  - Build on test beds
  - Integrate USACE and USCG AIS capabilities
  - Expand scope of information to be transmitted
- ▶ Identification of requirements
  - Information needs
  - Functional needs
  - AIS transmit architecture



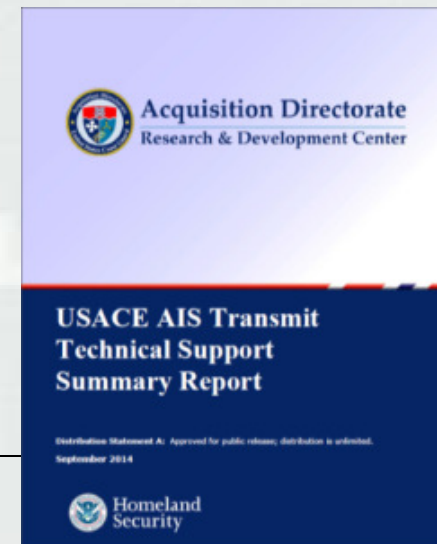
Safety Text

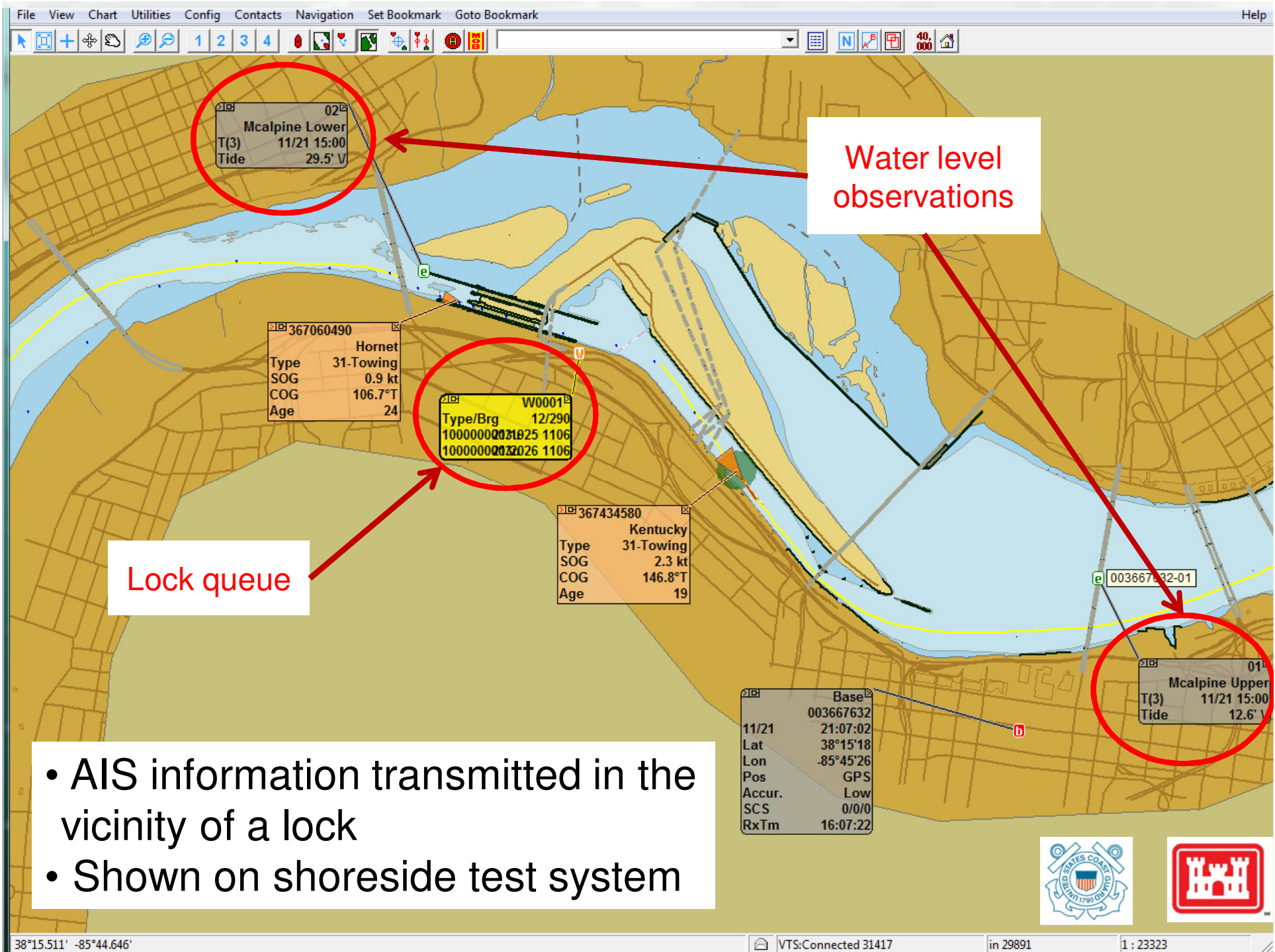
Destination: JODY MCMINN

Send Broadcast

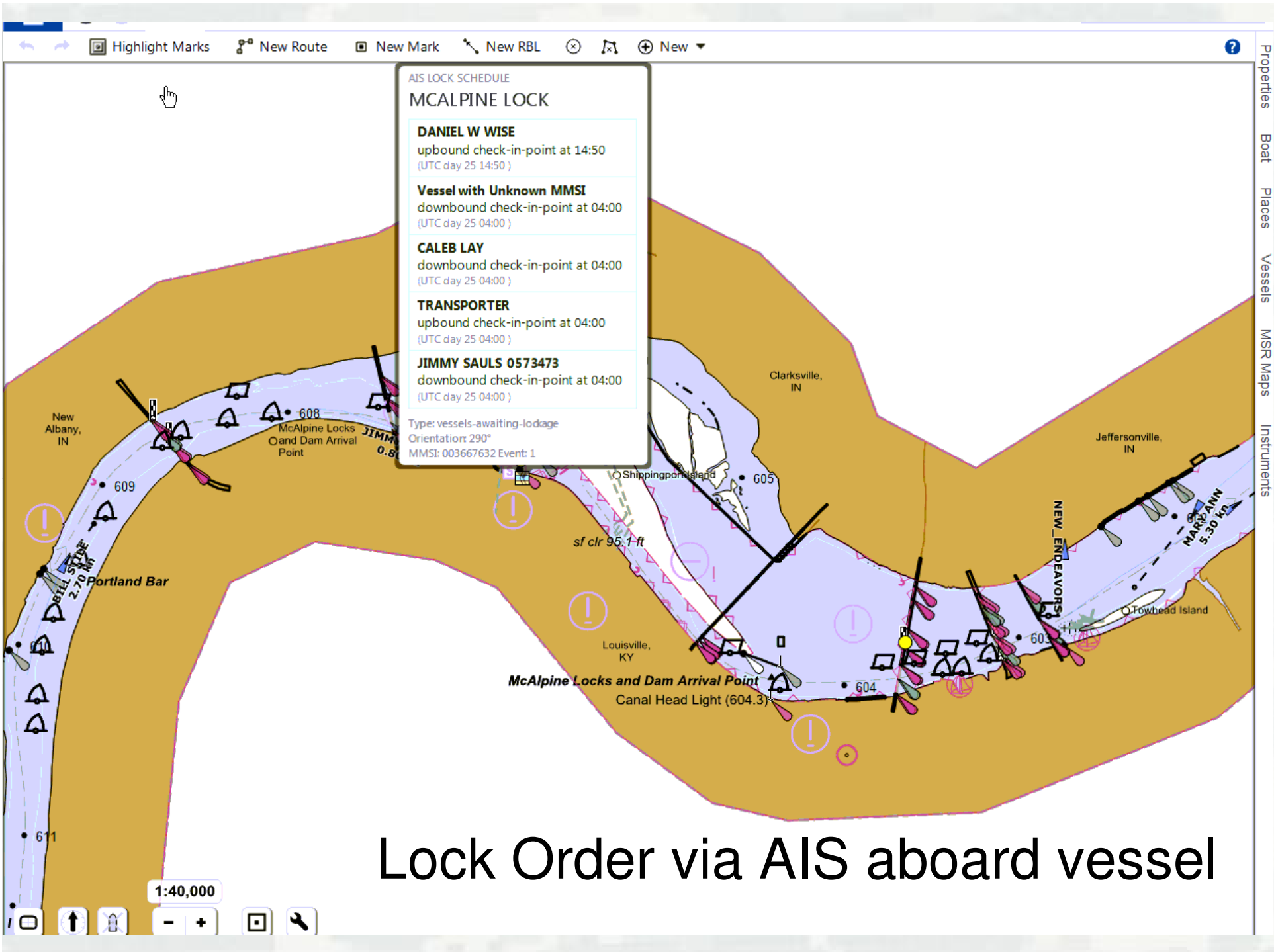
Message: HOLD AT LOWER APPROACH

Send

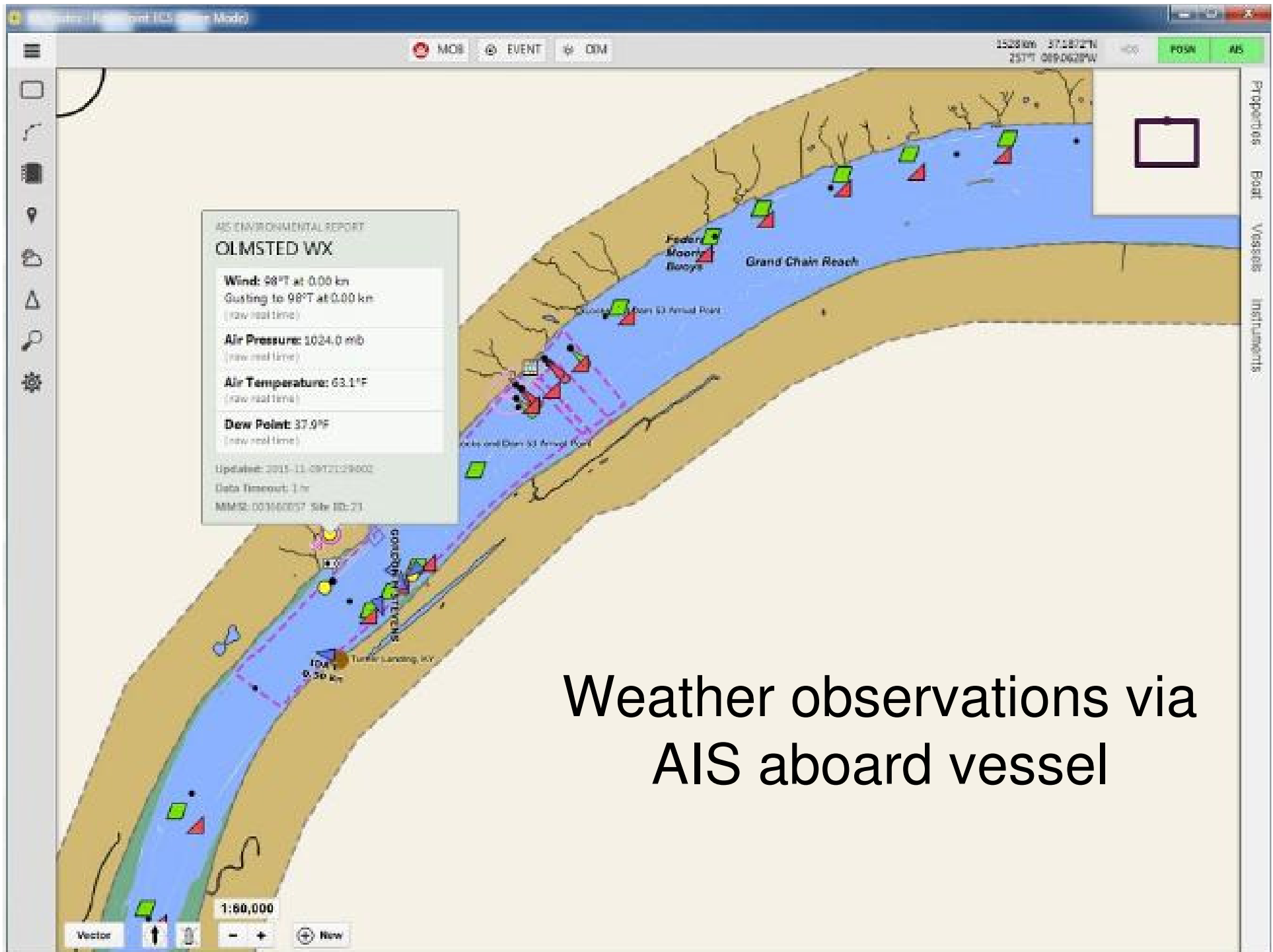








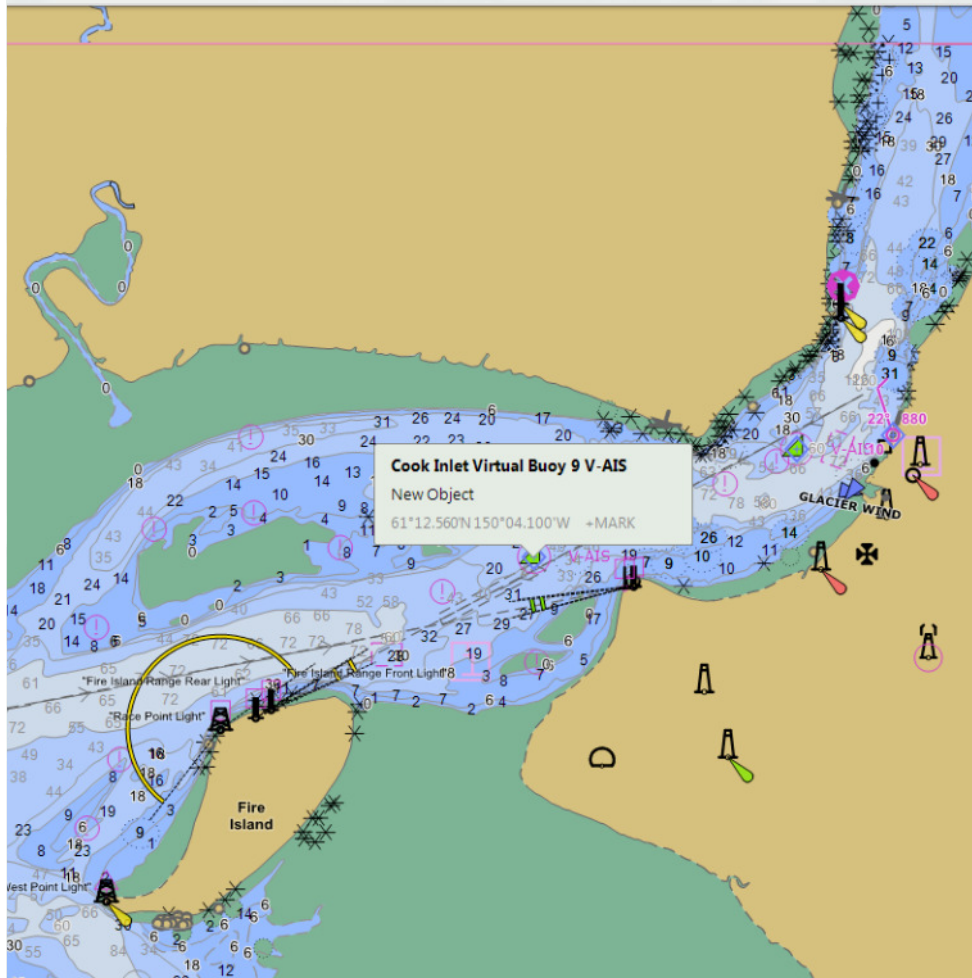
Lock Order via AIS aboard vessel



Weather observations via  
AIS aboard vessel



# Virtual AtoN



AIS V-AtoN in area where ice and tidal range prohibit physical AtoN

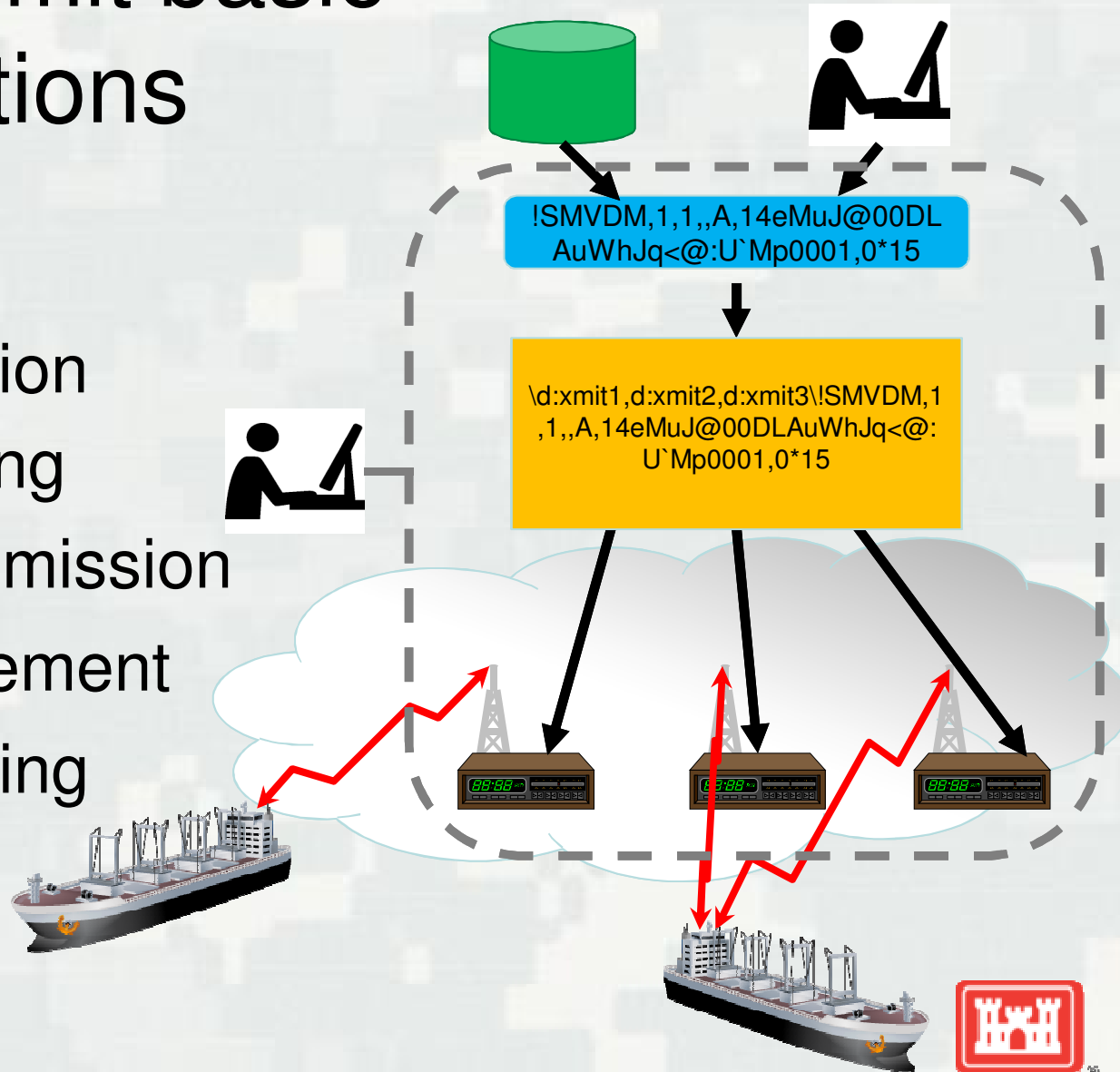


AIS V-AtoN marking submerged wreck in swift river waters



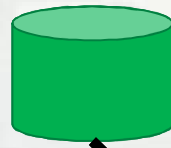
# AIS transmit basic functions

- Message Creation
- Message Routing
- Message Transmission
- System Management
- System Monitoring



# Message Creation

- ▶ Manage messages originating from different sources
- ▶ Manage retrieval of messages created by other services – authoritative sources
- ▶ Validate messages prior to transmit
  - Proper format
  - Not expired
- ▶ Provide virtual MMSI support
  - Where the same information is transmitted from multiple transceivers a virtual MMSI allows a receiver to recognize the information as identical



!SMVDM,1,1,,A,14eMuJ@00DL  
AuWhJq<@:U`Mp0001,0\*15



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# Message Routing

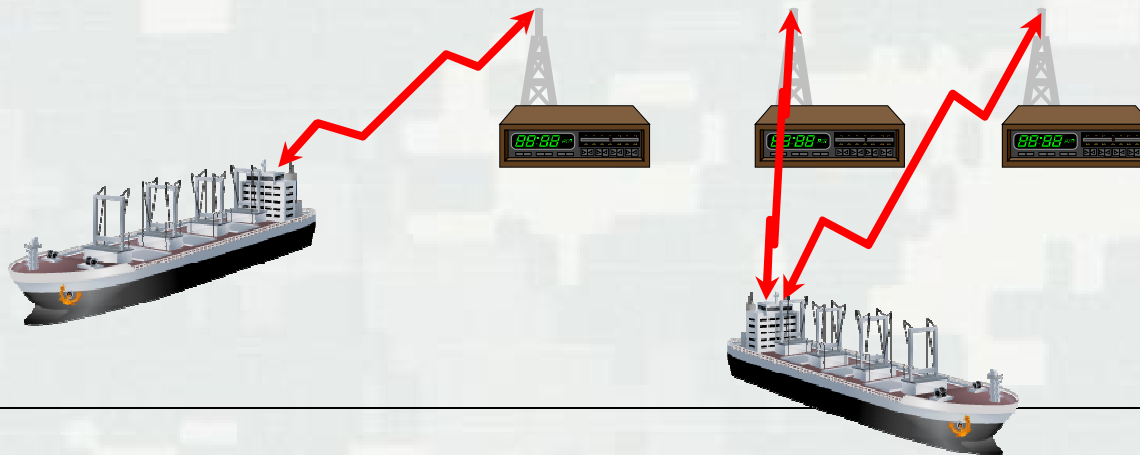
- Manage messages sent to transmitters to specified rate
  - ▶ Addresses VDL loading issues
- Manage queue to not transmit old or duplicate messages
- Prioritize outgoing messages
  - ▶ User-defined parameters
- Using TAG blocks, route message to the correct transmitter(s) for desired area of transmission
- Route acknowledgements back to message originator
- Manage repetition of periodically repeated messages

```
\d:xmit1,d:xmit2,d:xmit3\ISM  
VDM,1,1,,A,14eMuJ@00DL  
AuWhJq<@:U`Mp0001,0*15
```



# Message Transmission

- Ensure all messages are transmitted
  - ▶ Manage queue to ensure messages are transmitted unless expired
- Monitor the AIS transceivers for acknowledgements indicating success or failure of message transmission.
  - ▶ Return message to transmit queue for next transmit cycle.
- Ensure all messages have opportunity to be transmitted.
  - ▶ Based on priority, previous failure to transmit, delay due to full queue





# System management and monitoring

- Monitor and manage the VDL
  - ▶ Ensure sufficient slots are reserved for the desired number of messages.
  - ▶ Ensure transceivers configured correctly.
  - ▶ Monitor the VDL to ensure the system is functioning as desired.
  - ▶ Track AIS channel frame loading (using FSR sentence)
- General monitoring
  - ▶ Check for error errors, generate alerts
  - ▶ Provide monitoring and logging capabilities and user interface to allow display of message queue, display of message information, deleting messages from the queue, stopping program operation.
  - ▶ Maintain queue statistics and provide to administrators

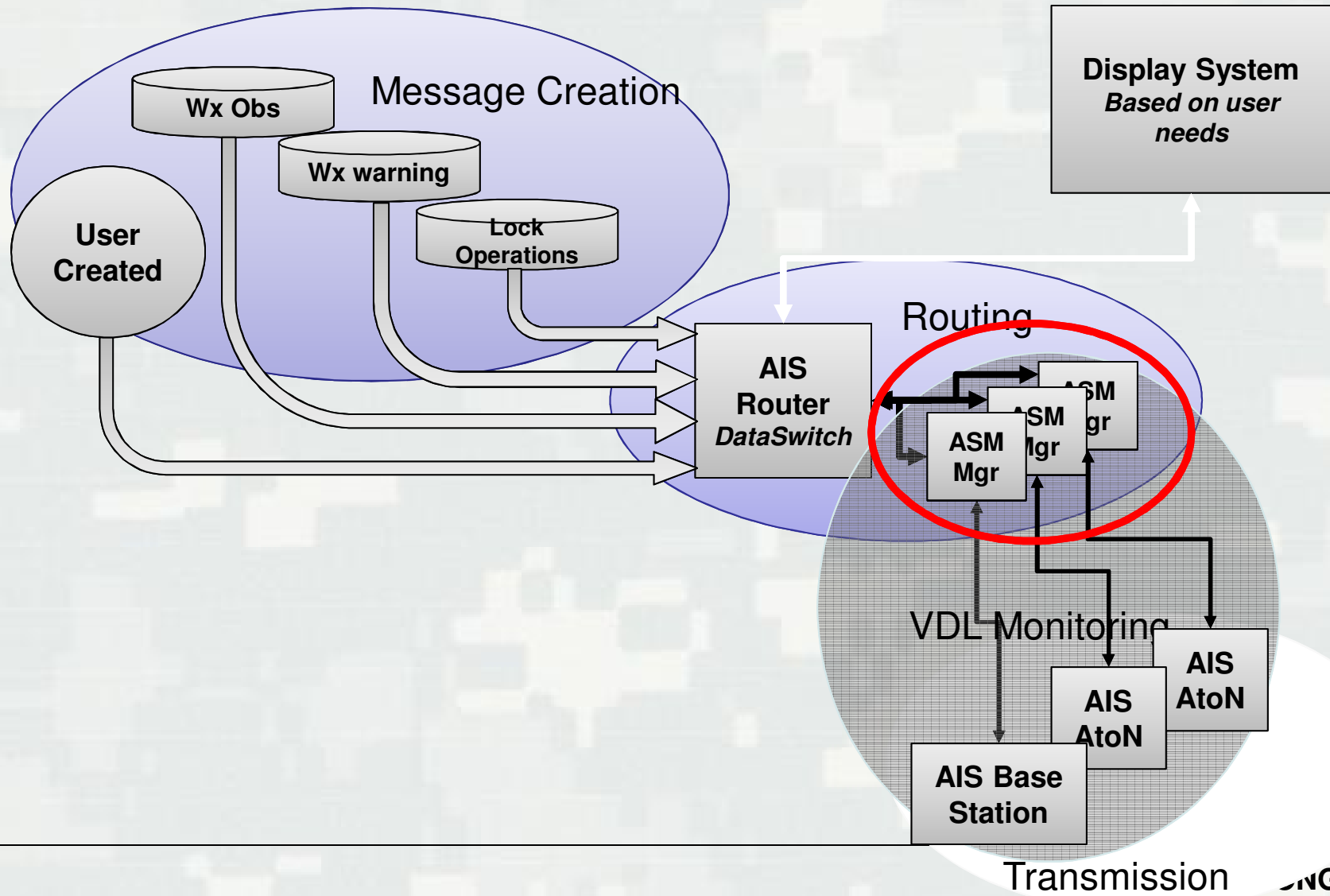


# ASM Manager

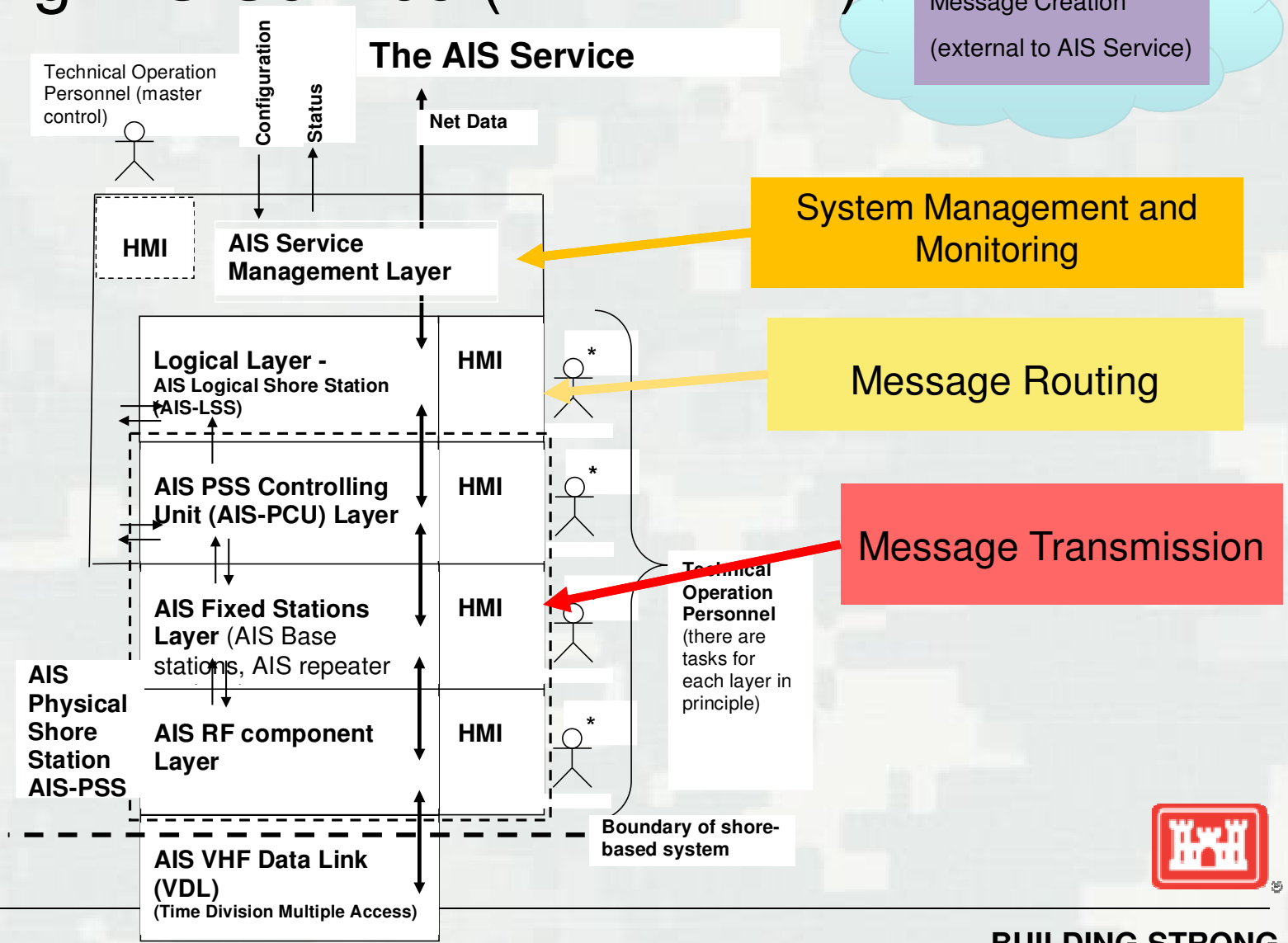
- Stand-alone application developed to implement the identified functions
- Provides message management services that are not currently part of either transmitter stations or logical shore stations
- Manages ASM transmission as described in functions
- Benefits:
  - Message creator does not need to know transmitter locations
    - Messages routed to correct transceiver based upon desired transmit area
  - Ensures messages are valid before transmission - only valid/authorized messages transmitted
  - Monitors ASM demand and adjusts transmit rate so as to not overload VDL
  - Allows for user-specified priorities based upon message type and content
  - Ensures messages are transmitted
  - Keeps messages in queue until acknowledgement is received from transmitter
  - Routes acknowledgement back to user



# AIS Transmit Architecture



# AIS transmit functions mapped to existing AIS Service (IALA A124)





# Functions to be addressed in guidelines, recommendations and standards

- Standard transmit architecture
- Standard TAG block usage
- Acknowledgement management
- Data management requirements
  - ▶ Eliminate duplicate transmissions
  - ▶ Ensure delivery
  - ▶ Ensure only newest copy of data is sent
- Define appropriate location of functions (e.g., PSS, LSS, AIS-SM)
- of repeaters to enhance ASM dissemination
- Standards for AIS message creation services
- Monitoring for system reliability, assurance of message delivery
- Categorization of messages to assign appropriate dissemination service (e.g., AIS, ASM, VDE, web services, etc.)



# Additional related issues outside scope of AIS transmit service

- Standards for ASM development
  - ▶ Draft RTCM SC12100
- ASM management
  - ▶ Use and management of IALA collection
  - ▶ “Approved” messages
- Advertisement of ASM service availability
  - ▶ What can mariners expect



# Ohio River eMSI Demonstration

- Purpose: gain practical experience transmitting e-MSI information and gain useful feedback from users who elect to participate in the system
  - ▶ Use new and existing transmitter locations operated by both the United States Coast Guard (USCG) and the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE).
  - ▶ 1-2 year demonstration
  - ▶ Lower Ohio River and the adjacent parts of the Mississippi and Tennessee rivers
  - ▶ Transmit navigation and operational information:
    - Lock/Dam Status, queue
    - Water levels – observed and predicted
    - Weather observations
  - ▶ Industry participation desired!





*Thank you for your attention!*

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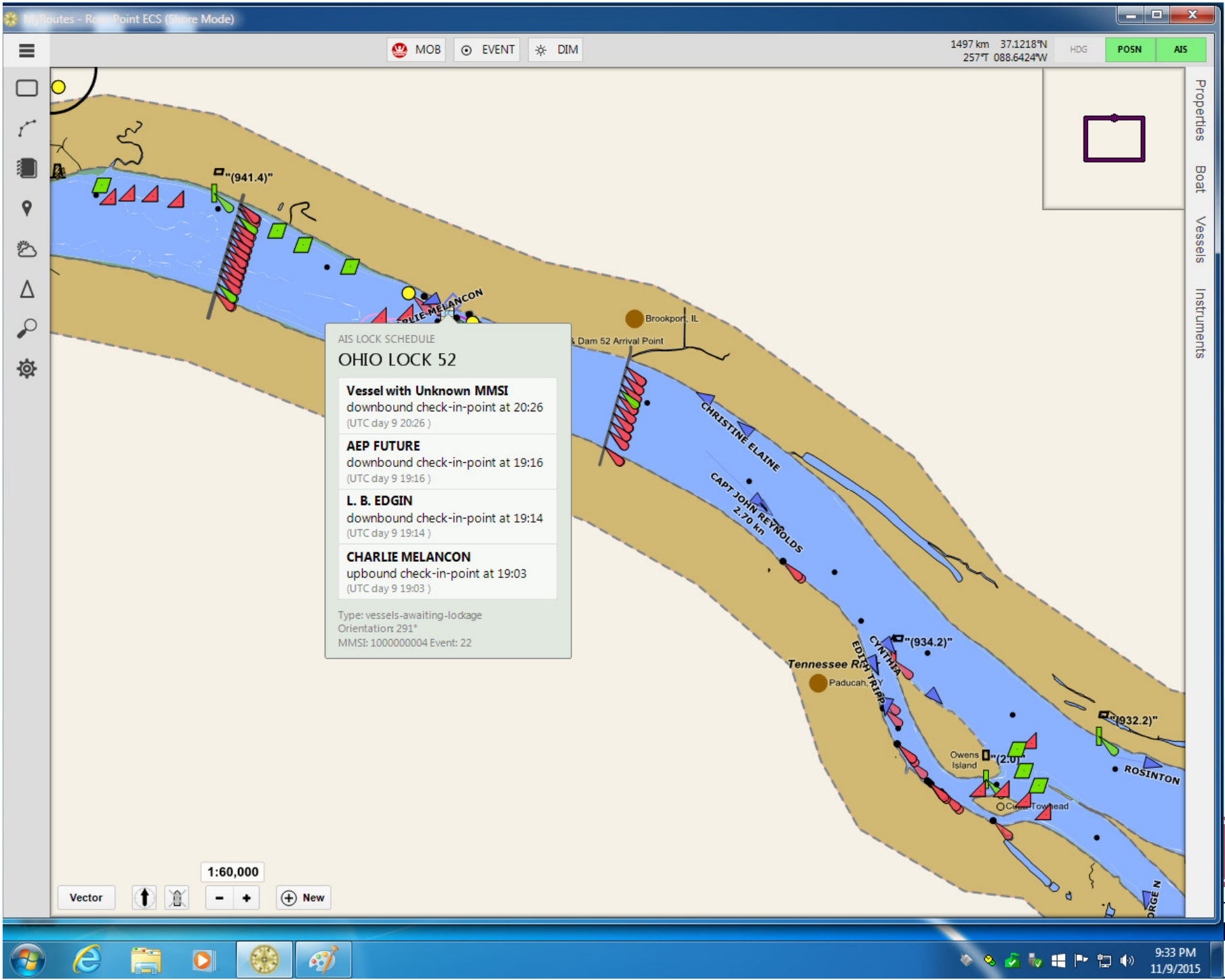
# Ohio River eMSI Demonstration



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MyRoutes - Row Point ECS (Store Mode)

1528 km 37.1872°N 257°T 089.0628°W HDG POSN AIS

MOB EVENT DIM

Properties Boat Vessels Instruments

AIS ENVIRONMENTAL REPORT

**OLMSTED WX**

**Wind:** 98°T at 0.00 kn  
Gusting to 98°T at 0.00 kn  
(raw real time)

**Air Pressure:** 1024.0 mb  
(raw real time)

**Air Temperature:** 63.1°F  
(raw real time)

**Dew Point:** 37.9°F  
(raw real time)

Updated: 2015-11-09T21:29:00Z  
Data Timeout: 1 hr  
MMSI: 003660857 Site ID: 23

Feder Mooring Buoys

Grand Chain Reach

Locks and Dam 53 Arrival Point

Locks and Dam 53 Arrival Point

GORDON STEVENS

Turner Landing, KY

IDA 1 0.50 kn

1:60,000

Vector

↑

+

+

New

9:33 PM 11/9/2015

